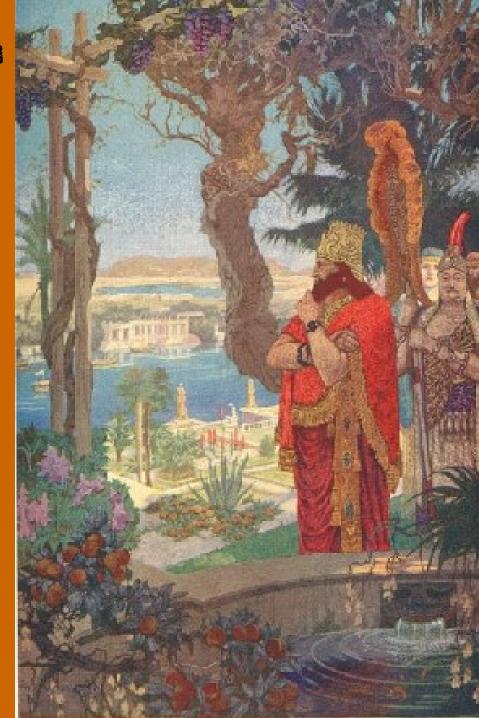


## The city of Babylon

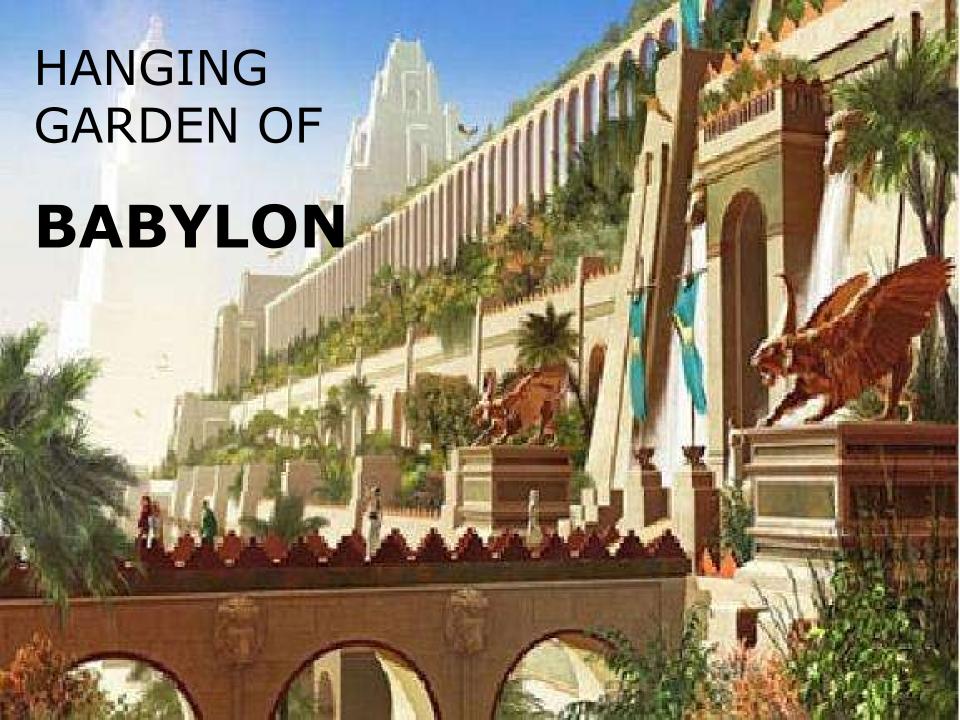
• was rebuilt by
Nebuchadnezzar ||
(605-562)

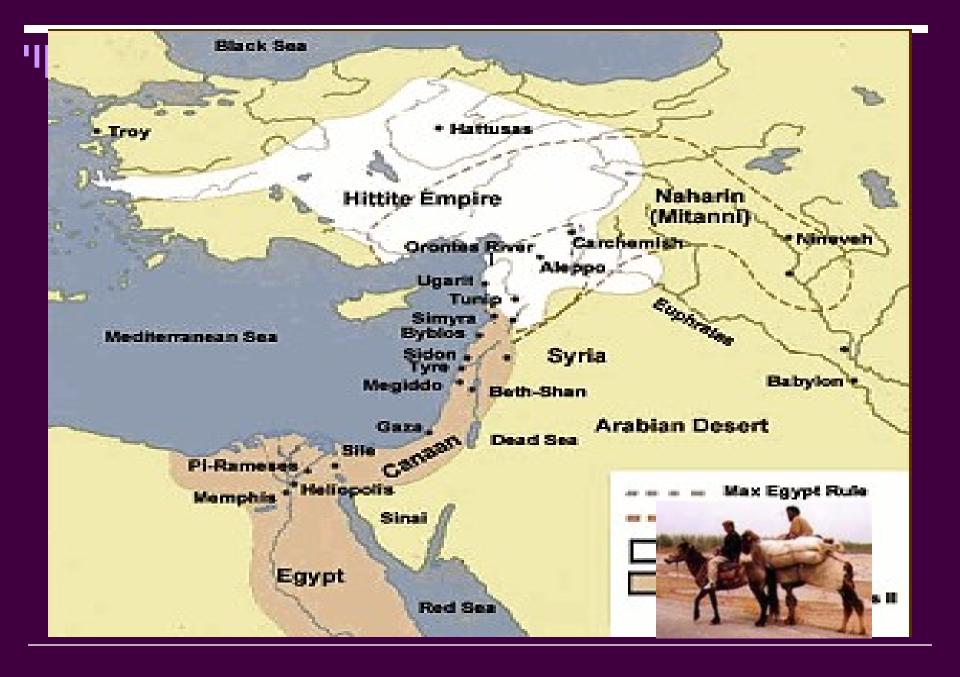
• 13 ft thick with a circumference of 11 mi





The Kingdom Of Babylon



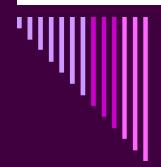






 Nebuchadnezzar continued Assyrian conquest, invading Judah and seized Jerusalem in 586 B.C.





#### October 562

- □ Nebuchadnezzar's death
- □ Succession by Amel- Marduk (his son)



## MESOPOTAMIA GOVERNEMENT

- ☐ The leader is "favored" by gods
- ☐ The authority of a state is vested in a KING
- □ Property included the CITY, the INHABITANTS, FARMS, ORCHARDS, and outlying TOWNS



#### **Duties:**

- 1. Defend the city and his lands from enemy attacks, extend its territory, domination and influence
- 2. Build and repair temples
- 3. Oversees public works
- 4. Promote and preserve law and justice

# SOCIAL STRATIFICATION

#### The 3 classes:

- The aristocrats
- Commoners
- slaves

## Aristocrats

- The rich and powerful families
- Important priests
- Counselors
- Ambassadors
- Generals
- Other high ranking officials

### Commoners

- "backbone of the society"
- Productive workers
- Architects
- Scribes
- Merchants
- Cattle breeders, fishermen, potters, brick makers



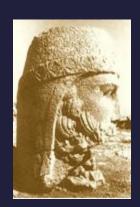
 Property of the temple, the palace or the wealthy estates

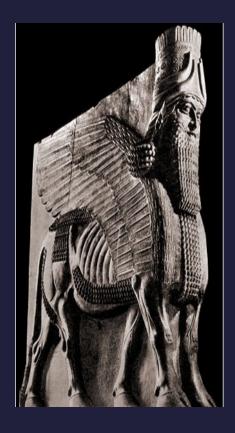
## RELIGIOUS BELIEFS

- Gods
- Ranked according to their importance, influence and power









- An- god of Heaven
- Enlil- god of air
- Enki- god of water
- Ninhursag- great mother-earth goddess

# CONTRIBUTION OF OTHER CULTURES

- Absolute monarchy
- Cosmopolitanism
- Trade and commerce
- Techniques of iron working
- Concept of human life and religious traditions



very much!